

## 2018 MIPS Reporting

### Orthopedics



#### Quality Reporting Requirements:

- Report on 6 quality measures or a specialty measure set
- Include at least ONE outcome or high-priority measure
- Report on patients of All-Payers (Medicare and Non-Medicare patients)

#### Specialty Measure Set (0):

*There is no specialty measure set for Orthopedics.*

#### Additional Measures:

- **21:** Perioperative Care: Selection of Prophylactic Antibiotic – First OR Second Generation Cephalosporin- **High Priority**
- **23:** Perioperative Care: Venous Thromboembolism (VTE) Prophylaxis (When Indicated in ALL Patients) - **High Priority**
- **24:** Communication with the Physician or Other Clinician Managing On-going Care Post-Fracture for Men and Women Aged 50 Years and Older- **High Priority**
- **39:** Screening for Osteoporosis for Women Aged 65-85 Years of Age
- **46:** Medication Reconciliation Post-Discharge- **High Priority**
- **109:** Osteoarthritis (OA): Function and Pain Assessment- **High Priority**
- **110:** Preventive Care and Screening: Influenza Immunization
- **128:** Preventive Care and Screening: Body Mass Index (BMI) Screening and Follow-Up Plan
- **130:** Documentation of Current Medications in the Medical Record- **High Priority**
- **131:** Pain Assessment and Follow-Up- **High Priority**
- **134:** Preventive Care and Screening: Screening for Depression and Follow-Up Plan
- **176:** Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA): Tuberculosis Screening
- **177:** Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA): Periodic Assessment of Disease Activity
- **178:** Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA): Functional Status Assessment
- **179:** Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA): Assessment and Classification of Disease Prognosis
- **180:** Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA): Glucocorticoid Management
- **217:** Functional Status Change for Patients with Knee Impairments –**Outcome, High Priority**
- **218:** Functional Status Change for Patients with Hip Impairments–**Outcome, High Priority**
- **219:** Functional Status Change for Patients with Foot or Ankle Impairments–**Outcome, High Priority**
- **220:** Functional Status Change for Patients with Lumbar Impairments–**Outcome, High Priority**
- **221:** Functional Status Change for Patients with Shoulder Impairments–**Outcome, High Priority**

- **222:** Functional Status Change for Patients with Elbow, Wrist or Hand Impairments—**Outcome, High Priority**
- **223:** Functional Status Change for Patients with Other General Orthopedic Impairments—**Outcome, High Priority**
- **226:** Preventive Care and Screening: Tobacco Use: Screening and Cessation Intervention
- **350:** Total Knee Replacement: Shared Decision-Making: Trial of Conservative (Non-surgical) Therapy - **High Priority**
- **351:** Total Knee Replacement: Venous Thromboembolic and Cardiovascular Risk Evaluation- **High Priority**
- **352:** Total Knee Replacement: Preoperative Antibiotic Infusion with Proximal Tourniquet- **High Priority**
- **353:** Total Knee Replacement: Identification of Implanted Prosthesis in Operative Report- **High Priority**
- **402:** Tobacco Use and Help with Quitting Among Adolescents
- **418:** Osteoporosis Management in Women Who Had a Fracture
- **430:** Prevention of Post-Operative Nausea and Vomiting (PONV) – Combination Therapy- **High Priority**
- **431:** Preventive Care and Screening: Unhealthy Alcohol Use: Screening & Brief Counseling



## Promoting Interoperability (PI) Reporting Requirements:

- Report on ALL required base measure to earn any credit for PI
- To satisfy base score requirements, clinicians must submit a numerator of at least 1 or answer Yes
- Report on additional performance measures or bonus measure to increase your PI Score

## PI Base Score Measures:

PI Objectives and Measure Set (2015 CEHRT)	2018 PI Transition Objectives and Measure Set (2014 or 2015 CEHRT)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Security Risk Analysis</li> <li>○ e-Prescribing*</li> <li>○ Provide Patient Access</li> <li>○ Send a Summary of Care*</li> <li>○ Request/Accept Summary of Care*</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Security Risk Analysis</li> <li>○ e-Prescribing*</li> <li>○ Provide Patient Access</li> <li>○ Health Information Exchange*</li> </ul>

\*Exclusion available for measure if denominator is less than 100 patients or occurrences



## Improvement Activities (IA) Reporting Requirements:

- Attest to up to 4 activities for a minimum of 90 days
- Choose one of the following combinations:
  - 2 High Weighted Activities
  - 1 High Weighted Activity and 2 Medium Weighted Activates
  - 4 Medium Weighted Activities

## Medium Weighted:

- Implementation of documentation improvements for practice/process improvements
- TCPI Participation
- Implementation of documentation improvements for practice/process improvements
- Collection and use of patient experience and satisfaction data on access
- Implementation of medication management practice improvements- **EHR Bonus**
- Annual registration in the Prescription Drug Monitoring Program
- Practice Improvements for Bilateral Exchange of Patient Information- **EHR Bonus**
- Implementation of improvements that contribute to more timely communication of test results

## High Weighted:

- Engagement of New Medicaid Patients and Follow-up
- Engage Patients and Families to Guide Improvement in the System of Care- **EHR Bonus**
- Participation in the CMS Transforming Clinical Practice Initiative
- Consultation of the Prescription Drug Monitoring Program



## Cost Reporting:

- CMS calculate Cost measures using administrative claims data if a clinician or group meets the cases minimum for attributed patients
- Individuals and Groups are not required to SUBMIT any additional information for the cost category

## Cost Measures:

### Medicare Spending Per Beneficiary (MSPB):

- The Medicare Spending Per Beneficiary (MSPB) clinician measure assesses the cost to Medicare of services performed by an individual clinician during an MSPB episode, which comprises the period immediately prior to, during, and following a patient's hospital stay.

### Total Per Capita Costs for All Attributed Beneficiaries (TPCC):

- The Total Per Capita Costs for All Attributed Beneficiaries (TPCC) measure is a payment-standardized, annualized, risk-adjusted, and specialty-adjusted measure that evaluates the overall cost of care provided to beneficiaries attributed to clinicians, as identified by a unique Taxpayer Identification Number/National Provider Identifier (TIN-NPI).